

CHAPTER III

FINDING AND DISCUSSION

According to the denotative and connotative theory by Harimurti and Pateda the researcher tried to analysis was ten poem by Christina Georgina Rossetti

A. The Denotative Meaning

According to Harimurti and Pateda “Denotative meaning is the meaning of plain, objective meaning. The meaning of denotative based on the instruction are straightforward on something outside the language in based on the certain convention”.¹ According to Zgust and Pateda “connotations is the meaning of all the components on the word plus some fundamental values which usually serves mark”.²

1. A Daughter of Eve

a. Beneath cold moon

The word “cold” meant (1) of or at a low or lower than usual temperature, esp when compared to the temperature of the human body.(2) not heated : having cooled after being heated or cooked. (3)

¹Pateda Mansoer,2001. Semantik Lexical.(Rineka Cipta,Jakarta)p. 98

² Ibid p.112

not kind, friendly or enthusiastic. (4) giving an impression of being cold. (5) no longer easy to follow.³

The word “moon” meant (1) the natural body that moves round earth once every 28 days and shines at night by light reflected from the sun. (2) body that moves round a planet other than the earth.⁴

The word “cold moon” meant she was sleep outside the room with roof of the sky and moon.

b. Sun warm sweet

The word “sun” meant (1) the star that shines in the sky during the day and gives the earth heat and light. (2) the light and heat from the sun.⁵

The word “warm” meant (1) of or at a fairly high temperature, between cool and hot (2) showing enthusiasm. (3) having or showing affection or kind friendly feelings. (4) creating a pleasant, comfortable and relaxed feeling. (5) near to guessing the answer of finding hidden.

³ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press).p.218.

⁴ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press 754

⁵Ibid 1197

The word “sweet” meant (1)tasting like sugar or honey (2) smelling pleasant (3) pleasing to hear (4) fresh and pure (5) giving satisfaction or pleasure.

The word sun warm sweet was meant the sun shines brightly.

c. Stripped bare of hope

The word “stripped” meant marked with or having stripes.⁶ The word bare meant (1)without clothing. (2) empty or almost empty. (3)only just sufficient;basic or simple.⁷

The word “hope” meant (1) to believe that desired will happen. (2) a person, thing or circumstance that makes hope possible.⁸

The word “Stripped bare of hope” was meant all of things had a lost.

d. No more to laugh and sing

The word “laugh” meant to make the sound and movement of the face and body that express amusement or happiness and sometimes also contempt or anxiety.⁹

The word “sing” meant (1) to make musical sound with the voice in the form of a song and tune. (2)to make or move with a sound like a high pitched whistle.¹⁰

⁶ Hornby A S. 1995. Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary. (New York:Oxford University Press).p1185

⁷ Ibid 82

⁸Ibid 573

⁹ Ibid 666

The word “no more to laugh and sings” was meant she should not be laught and sing.

2. A Pause

a. **Chamber sweet**

The word “chamber” meant (1) a room esp a badroom (2) a room of the specified type. (3)a set of room in a large building esp the office used by barrwastersfor seeing client. (4) a governing assembly. (5)an enclosed space in the body of an animal, in a plan or in certainly type of machinery.¹¹

The word “sweet” meant (1)tasting like sugar or honey (2) smelling pleasant (3) pleasing to hear (4) fresh and pure (5) giving satwasfaction or pleasure.¹²

The word “chamber sweet” was meant beautifull room.

b. **Bed sweet**

The word “bed” meant (1) a thing to sleep or rest on, a pice of furniture with a mattress and covering. (2) the bottom of the sea, ariver, a lake. (3) a layer of clay, rock etc below the soil on the surface.

¹⁰ Ibid 1104

¹¹ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New york:Oxford University Press).183

¹² ibid1207

(4) a flat base on which rests. (5) piece of ground in a garden for growing flower, vegetable ect.¹³

The word “sweet” meant (1) tasting like sugar or honey (2) smelling pleasant (3) pleasing to hear (4) fresh and pure (5) giving satisfaction or pleasure.¹⁴

The word bed sweet was meant (1) nice bed, (2) beautiful bed, (3) special bed.

c. Love bound

The word “love” meant (1) a strong feeling of deep affection. (2) sexual affection or passion. (3) great enjoyment (4) a person who was loved.¹⁵

The word “bound” was meant to run with jumping movement in a specified direction.¹⁶

The word “Love bound” was meant she had promised to love her beloved.

¹³ ibid93

¹⁴ Ibid 1207

¹⁵ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York: Oxford University Press). p 699

¹⁶ ibid129

d. Reapers talk

The word “reapers” meant a machine for cutting standing grain.¹⁷

The word “talk” meant (1) to saying, to speak in order to give information or to express ideas, and feeling. (2) to have the power of speech. (3) to discuss (4) to express in work (5) to use particular language when speaking.¹⁸

The denotative word “reapers talk” was meant engine which could be sound

e. My soul kept watch

The word “soul” meant (1) the spiritual part of a person, believed to exist after death. (2) a person’s normal or emotional nature or sense of identity (3) strong and good human feeling; emotional, moral and intellectual energy. (4) a perfect example of some virtue or quality. (5) a spirit of a dead person.¹⁹

The word “kept(keep)” meant (1) to continue to be in the specified condition or position; to remain or to stay. (2) to make remain in the specified condition or position. (3) to delay or detain. (4)

¹⁷ www.dictionary.com

¹⁸ ibid 1219

¹⁹ Ibid 1134

to continue, to had, to retain. (5) to own and manage a shop or restaurant.²⁰

The word “my soul kept watch” was meant my soul always over see.

f. Upon the lock the old familiar hand

The word “upon the lock the old familiar hand” was meant she found the key it has been long time

g. Seemed to scent the air

The word “seemed” to scent the air was meant(1) the air was fragrant.

h. Tardy sand

The word “tardy” meant show to act, move or happen (2)late.²¹

The word “sand” meant (1) very small fine grains or rock. Sand be found on beaches,rivers,deserts. (2) an area of sand eg.on beach.²²

The word “tardy sand” was meant sand walked slowly

i. of time ran golden

The word “time” meant(1) all the years of the past,present and future. (2) time as measure by a conventional standart. (3) a portion of

²⁰ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New york:Oxford University Press).647

²¹ Ibid 1222

²² Ibid 1040

measure of time. (4) a period of time, either long or short. (5) a point of time stated in hour and minutes of the day.²³

The word “run” meant (1) an act or a period of running on foot. (2) an instance or a period of travelling by car and train. (3) a route taken by vehicles, ship, etc. (4) a series of performance. (5) a period or succession.²⁴

The word “golden” was meant (1) made of gold (2) precious; fortunate.²⁵

The word “of time ran gold” was meant the right time to go.

3. A Study (A Soul)

a. Stand as pale

The word “stand” meant (1) to had or keep an upright position. (2) to get up on to one’s feet. (3) to put in an upright position.²⁶

The word “pale” meant (1) having little color; or less color than usual. (2) not bright or vivid.²⁷

The word “stand as pale” was meant (1) not moving. (2) silent.

²³Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 1251

²⁴Ibid 1031

²⁵ibid511

²⁶ibid1160

²⁷Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 835

b. Roman sway

The word “roman”(n) meant(1) a member of the ancient roman republicof empire. (2) a native or inhabitant. (3)one should change one’s habits to suit the costoms of the place one was living in or of the people one was living with.²⁸

The word “sway” meant (1) rule. (2) control ²⁹

The word roman sway was meant power of roman.

c. Shadowy land

The word “shadow” meant (1) adark area on a surface caused by an object standing between direct light and that surface. (2) a dark patch or area.(3) a person or animal that constantly follows. (4) a very small amout. (5) a thing that was not real or imposible to obtain.³⁰

The work “land” meant (1) the soil dry part of the earth’s surface, contrased with sea or water. (2) an area of ground. (3) ground of soil that used for farming. (4) property in the from of land.(5) a country,state or nation.³¹

The word “shadow land” was meant clay

²⁸ Ibid 1019

²⁹ Ibid 1206

³⁰ Ibid 1079

³¹ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 661

d. Feet are steadfast

The word “feet (foot)” meant (1) the lowest part of the leg, below the ankle, on which a person or an animal stands. (2) the part of a sock or stocking that covers the foot.³²

The word “steadfast” meant firm and not changing; constant.³³

The word feet are steadfast was meant stronger foot.

e. Beacon through the night

The word “beacon” meant (1) a fire lit on the top of a hill. (2) a light fixed on rock or on the coast to warn or guide ships, or on a mountain, tall building. (3) a signal station such as a lighthouse.³⁴

The word “night” meant (1) the time of darkness in each 24 hours. (2) an evening on which a specified activity takes place.³⁵

The word “beacon through the night” was meant the beacon light in a long night

³² Ibid 456

³³ Ibid 1167

³⁴ ibid 89

³⁵ ibid 783

f. Wonder deathly

The word “wonder” meant(1) to feel about to ask oneself question. (2) to feel great suprwise and admiration.³⁶

The “deathly” meant like or suggesting death.³⁷

The word “wonder deathly” was meant many question about
die

g. Inner might

The word “inner” meant (1) inside; toward the middle or a place, not near the outside. (2)private or note pressed.

The word “might” meant great strength and power.³⁸

The word “inner might” was meant might of feel

h. Indomitable in her feebleness

The word “indomitable” meant that cannot be defeated or suppressed.³⁹

³⁶ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press).1373

³⁷ Ibid 299

³⁸ www.dictionary.com

The word “feebleness” meant weak.⁴⁰

The word “indomitable in her feebleness” was meant never give up.

i. Athirst against the light

The word “athirst against the light” was meant always wanted to see the light

4. Cousin Kate

a. Cottage maiden

The word “cottage” meant a small simple house, esp in the country was Britain or in a holiday resort in USA.⁴¹

The word “maiden” meant (1) a young woman who was not married. (2) (als, maiden, over)(in cricket) an over in which no runs are scored.⁴²

The word “cottage maiden” was meant a girl lived in a hut.

b. Hardened by sun

³⁹ Ibid 607

⁴⁰ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press) 426

⁴¹ Ibid 269

⁴² Ibid 707

The word “hardened” meant to become or make become hard ,strong, firm or more fixed.⁴³

The word “sun” meant (1) the star that shines in the sky during the day and gives the earth heat and light. (2) the light and heat from the sun.⁴⁴

The word “hardened by sun” was meant draying by the sun

c. Great lord

The word “great” meant (1)very large;much bigger than. (2) of excellen ability or quality. (3) important;grand or exciting. (4)in a very good state of physical or mental health. (5) wonderful ,very nice, or satisfactory.

The word “lord” meant(1) a male ruler. (2) the lord god;chrwast. (3) a nobleman.⁴⁵

The word “grade lord” was meant a big person

d. Fill my heart

The word “fill” meant (1)to occupy all of the space in sth.(2)to block, a hoe, gaap.(3)to hole a position.⁴⁶

⁴³ Ibid 543

⁴⁴ Ibid 1197

⁴⁵ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New york:Oxford University Press).692

The word “heart” meant (1) the hollow organ in one’s chest that pumps blood through the body. (2) the centre of a person’s thoughts and emotion, esp of love ;the ability to feel emotion.⁴⁷

The word “fill my heart” was meant broken heart

e. He changed me like a glove

The word “he change me like glove” was meant she removed the glove from the hands.

f. Howl in dust

The word “howl” meant (a) the long loud cry a dog,wolf,etc. (b) the loud cry of a person expressing pain,anger,amusement,etc. (c) a long loud noise made eg by strong wind.⁴⁸

The word “dust” meant fine dry powder consist of tiny pieces of earth, dirt,etc.⁴⁹

The word “howl in dust” was meant screamed to dust.

g. Sit in gold

The word “sit” meant (1) to be in a position in which one’s bottom was resting on a chair, floor, etc. (2) to be a mode for an artwork,

⁴⁶ Ibid 434

⁴⁷ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 552

⁴⁸ Ibid 580

⁴⁹ Ibid 361

a photograph. (3) to rest with the hind legs bent, the bottom on the ground and the front legs upright. (4) to rest on a branch. (5) to be having a meeting.⁵⁰

The word “gold” meant (1) a precious yellow metal used for making coin, ornament, and jewelry. (2) money in large sums; wealth. (3) the color of gold. (4) a gold medal.⁵¹

The word “sit in a gold” was meant she sit on gold chair.

h. Tenderer heart

The word “tender” meant (1) easily moved to pity or sympathy, kind. (2) loving, gentle. (3) easy to bite through. (4) easily damaged or hurt. (5) painful when touched.⁵²

The word “heart” meant (1) the hollow organ in one’s chest that pumps blood through the body. (2) the center of a person’s thoughts and emotion, esp of love; the ability to feel emotion.⁵³

The word tendered heart was meant (1) kind. (2) gentle

⁵⁰Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 1106

⁵¹ Ibid 511

⁵² Ibid 1231

⁵³ Ibid 552

i. Stronger wing

The word “strong” meant (1) physically powerful or healthy. (2) not easily broken or damaged. (3) great, powerful; intense. (4) great in intensity or level. (5) felt, held or expressed with intensity.⁵⁴

The word “wing” meant (1) either of the pair of limbs covered in feathers that a bird uses to fly. (2) a part that projects from the side of an aircraft and supports it in the air. (3) a part of a building that projects from the main part. (4) a projecting part of the body of a car above a wheel.⁵⁵

The word “strong wing” was meant she was people with wing.

5. Dream Land

a. Sunless rivers weep

The word “sunless” meant (1) the star that shines in the sky during the day and gives the earth heat and light. (2) the light and heat from the sun.⁵⁶

The word “rivers” meant (1) a large natural system of water flowing in a channel. (2) a large flow of any substance.⁵⁷

the word weep was meant (1) shed tears. (2) exude liquid.⁵⁸

⁵⁴ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York: Oxford University Press). 1185

⁵⁵ Ibid 1368

⁵⁶ Ibid 1197

⁵⁷ Ibid 1015

The word “sunless river weep” was meant the weather was bright but rains.

b. Rosy morn

The word rosy was meant(1)the part of a golf course where the grass was long and the ground ball. (2) a rough, drawing and design.⁵⁹

The word “morn(ing)” meant (1) the early part of the day between dawn and noon or before the time for lunch. (2) the period from midnight to noon.⁶⁰

The word “rosy morn” was a sunny morning.

c. The sky look pale

The word “sky” meant the space seen when one look upward from the earth, where cloud and the sun, moon and stars appear.⁶¹

The word “pale” meant (1) having little color; or less color than usual. (2) not bright or vivid.⁶²

The word “sky look pale” was meant (1) cloudy. (2) overcast.

⁵⁸ Ibid 1351

⁵⁹ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press).1023

⁶⁰ Ibid 756

⁶¹ Ibid 1110

⁶² ibid835

d. Hears the nightingale that sadly sings.

The word “hears the nightingale that sadly sings” was meant the nightingale was sad.

e. Shed over brow and breast

The word “shed over brow and breast” was meant (1) she sleep. (2) she break. (3) shi tired.

f. Her face was toward the west

The word “her face was toward the west” was meant (1) she was facing west.

g. The purple land.

The word “the purple land” was meant (1) a purple wasland (2) a purple country.

6. Echo

a. Silence of the night

The word “silent” meant (1) the condition of being quiet or silent. (2) the state of not speaking, answering spoken and written making comments.⁶³

⁶³ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press).1101

The word “night” meant (1)the time or darkness in each 24 hour. (2) an evening on which a specified activity takes place. ⁶⁴

The word “silent of the night” was meant silent night

b. Sunlight on a stream

The word “sun” meant (1) the star that shines in the sky during the day and gives the earth heat and light. (2) the light and heat from the sun. ⁶⁵

The word “stream” meant (1)a small narrow river (2)a continuous flow of liquid or gas. (3) the current of direction in which things are tending to move.

The word “sunlight on a stream” was meant the river lighted by the sun.

c. Souls brimfull of love

The word “soul” meant (1) the spiritual part of person, believed to exist after death. (2) a person’s moral or emotional nature or sense of identity. (3)strong and god hu

The word “love” meant(1) a strong fan feeling. ⁶⁶eeling of deep affection. (2)sexual affection or passion. (3) great enjoyment (4) a person who was loved. ⁶⁷

⁶⁴ Ibid 783

⁶⁵ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press).1197

The word “souls brimfull of love” was meant (1) falling in love. (2) be taken.

d. Thirsting longing eyes

The word “thirsting longing eyes” was meant (1) she missed someone. (2) she hoped someone came.

7. From Sunset to Star Rest

a. Hoard gold

The word “hoard” meant a store for money, food or other valued object.⁶⁸

The word “gold” meant (1) a precious yellow metal used for making coins, ornaments, and jewelry. (2) money in large sums; wealth. (3) the color of gold. (4) a gold medal.⁶⁹

The word “hoard gold” was meant (1) she kept gold. (2) she had a lot of gold. (3) she had a warehouse of gold.

⁶⁶Ibid 1135

⁶⁷ Ibid 699

⁶⁸Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 565

⁶⁹ Ibid 511

b. Shiver on the wold

The word “shiver” meant to shake ,because one feels cold or was frightened.⁷⁰

The word “wold” meant a piece of high open land that was not cultivated.⁷¹

The word shiver on the wold was meant shiver in outer.



⁷⁰ Ibid 1067

⁷¹ Ibid 1372

c. My heart goes

The word “heart” meant (1) the hollow organ in one’s chest that pumps blood through the body. (2) the centre of a person’s thoughts and emotion, esp of love ;the ability to feel emotion.⁷²

The word “goes(go)” meant to move away from the place where the speaker or writer was on a place where they imagine themselves to be.⁷³

The word “my heart goes” was meant the heart leave their owner

d. Swallows flown

The word “swallows” meant a small bird with long wings and forked tail that eats insects.⁷⁴

The word “flown(fly)” meant (1) to move through the air, using wings (2) to move through air or space. (3) to direct or control the flight of an aircraft.⁷⁵

The word “swallow flown” was meant (1) to go away. (2) to leave. (3) to be abandoned.

⁷²Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 552

⁷³ Ibid 505

⁷⁴ Ibid 1205

⁷⁵ Ibid 453



8. Remember

a. Gone away

The word “gone (go)” meant to movemet away from the place where the speaker or writer was oa a place where the imagine themself to be.⁷⁶

The word “away” meant (1) to ar at a dwastance from space or time. (2) continuously. (3)until dwasapearing (4) at the opponents ground.⁷⁷

The word “gone away” was meant(1) go way. (2) leave

b. Silent land

The word “silent” meant (1) the condition of being quiet or silent. (2) the state of not speaking, answering spoken and written making comments.⁷⁸

The work “land” meant (1) the soil dry part of the earth’s surface, contrased with sea or water. (2) an area of ground. (3) ground of soil that used for farming. (4) property in the from of land.(5) a country,state or nation.⁷⁹

⁷⁶ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner’s Dictionary*. (New york:Oxford University Press).505

⁷⁷ Ibid 70

⁷⁸ Ibid 1101

⁷⁹ Ibid 661

c. Late to counsel

The word “late” meant (1) after the expected or usual time. (2) toward the end of a period time. (3) recent.⁸⁰

The word “counsel” meant (1) advice that given by older people or expert. (2) a barrister or group of lawyer conducting a law case.⁸¹

The word “late to counsel” was meant that was last counsel of her.

d. Darkness

The word darkness was meant the state of being dark.

9. Sleeping At Last

a. Horror past

The word “horror” meant (1) a feeling of intense fear, shock and disgust. (2) feeling or intense dislike; hatred. (3) the extremely unpleasant nature. (4) a thing or person that causes a feeling of horror. (5) designed to entertain people by causing enjoyable feeling of horror.⁸²

⁸⁰ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York: Oxford University Press). 665

⁸¹ Ibid 263

⁸² Ibid 576

The word past was meant (1) gone by in time. (2) gone by recently; just finished or ended. (3) belonging to an earlier time. (4) indicating a state or an action in the past.⁸³

The word “horror past” was meant the scary past.

b. A tired heart downcast or overcast

The word a tired heart downcast or overcast was meant (1) she sad. (2) she wistful.

c. Sleeping at last in a dreamless sleep locked fast.

The word “sleeping at last in a dreamless sleep locked fast” was meant she slept not dreaming.

d. Singing birds

The word “singing (sing)” meant (1) to make musical sound with the voice in the form of a song and tune. (2) to make or move with a sound like a high pitched whistle.⁸⁴

The word “birds” meant (1) creature covered with feathers and with two wings and two legs. (2) a young woman. (3) a person.⁸⁵

The word “singing birds” was meant the chirrup birds.

⁸³Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 847

⁸⁴ Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press). 1104

⁸⁵ Ibid 106

e. Under the purple thyme

The word “purple” meant (1) having the colour of red and blue mixed together. (2) elaborate exaggerated was style, when expressing strong emotion.⁸⁶

The word “thyme” meant a plant with sweet smelling leaves that are used in cooking.⁸⁷

The word “purple thyme” was meant (1) the purple tree. (2) the tree colouring was purple.

f. Sleeping at last

The word sleeping was meant (1) to be a sleep (2) to had enough beds for the specific number of people.⁸⁸

The word “last” meant (1) coming after all other in time or order. (2) latest. (3) most recent.⁸⁹

The word sleeping last was meant sleeping forever.

⁸⁶Ibid 943

⁸⁷Hornby A S. 1995. *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*. (New York:Oxford University Press 1248

⁸⁸Ibid 1113

⁸⁹Ibid 665

10. Song

a. Be the green grass above me

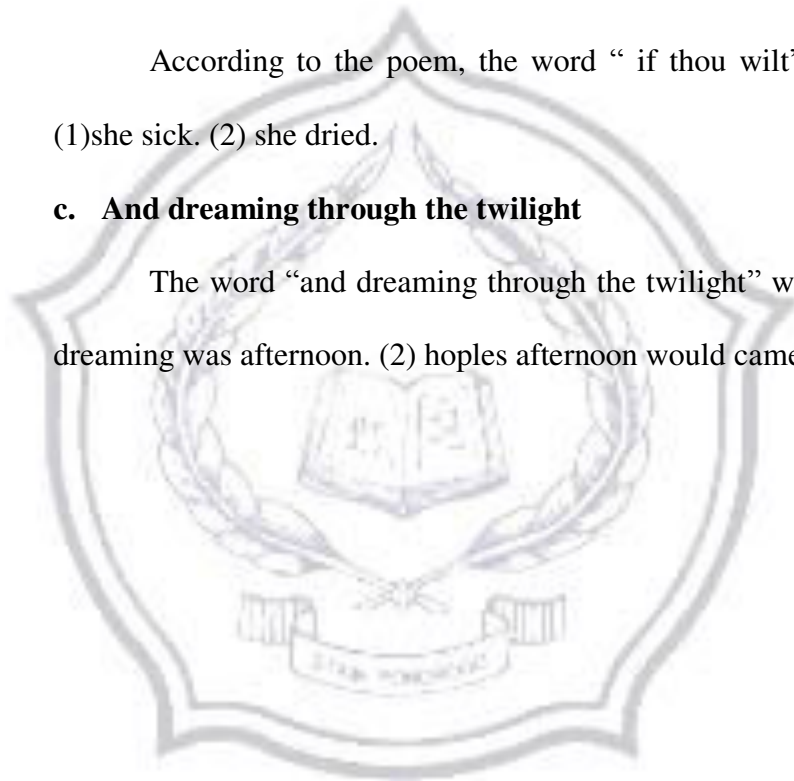
According to the poem, the word “be the green grass above me” was meant she want green grass in hwas grave later.

b. if thou wilt

According to the poem, the word “ if thou wilt” was meant (1)she sick. (2) she dried.

c. And dreaming through the twilight

The word “and dreaming through the twilight” was meant (1) dreaming was afternoon. (2) hoples afternoon would came.



B. Connotative Meaning

Connotation was more or less synonymous with intension. Connotation was often contrasted with denotation, which was more or less synonymous with extension. Alternatively, the connotation of the word may be thought of as the set of all its possible referents. In addition, Brinton said that words had literal or referential meanings (denotation) but also evoke feelings, attitudes, or opinions (connotation)⁹⁰.

1. A Daughter of Eve

a. Beneath cold moon

According to Christina Rossetti, the word “beneath cold moon” (1) she was trying to solve her problem by her self. (2) She has hardest problems in her life.

b. Sun warm sweet

The word sun warm sweet had connotative meaning (1) she hoped tomorrow would be better.

c. Stripped bare of hope

The word “Stripped bare of hope” had connotative meaning (1) all of she had been taken by other.

⁹⁰ Brinton, J.L. 2000. The Structure of Modern English A Linguistic Introduction. (Amsterdam/Philadelphia.: John Benjamins Publishing Company) P 132

d. No more to laugh and sings

The word “no more to laugh and sings” had connotative meaning (1)these was not happiness,but sadness everyday.

2. A Pause

a. Love bound

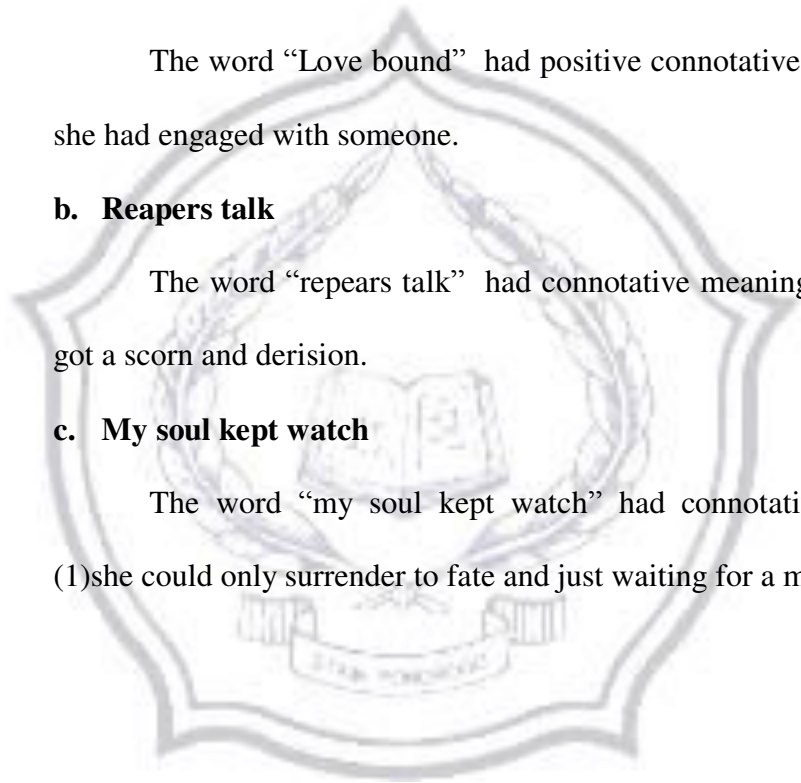
The word “Love bound” had positive connotative meaning(1) she had engaged with someone.

b. Reapers talk

The word “reapers talk” had connotative meaning (1)she just got a scorn and derision.

c. My soul kept watch

The word “my soul kept watch” had connotative meaning (1)she could only surrender to fate and just waiting for a miracle.



d. Upon the lock the old familiar hand

The word “upon the lock the old familiar hand” had connotative meaning (1) she had found a way of life. (2) she was able to find the key points in her life. (3) she was able to find a way out of the problem.

e. Seemed to scent the air

The word “seemed to scent the air” had connotative meaning (1) felt the fresh air. (2) felt the freedom.

f. of time ran golden

The word “of time ran golden” had connotative meaning was meant time was more valuable than gold, because time could not be back, if there was the good opportunity use it.

3. A Study (A Soul)

a. Stand as pale

The word “Stand as pale” had connotative meaning (1) anxious. (2) resigned. (3) restless.

b. Shadowy land

The word “shadowy land” had connotative meaning (1) funeral. (2) cemetery. (3) place to deceased person.

c. Feet are steadfast

The word “feet are steadfast” had connotative meaning (1) she tired to do not give up.

d. Beacon through the night

The word “beacon through the night” had the connotative meaning (1) light in dark.

e. Indomitable in her feebleness

The word “Indomitable in her feebleness” had connotative meaning (1) remained to fight even though no hope. (2) never give up.

f. Athirst against the light

The word “athirst against the light” had connotative meaning (1) she prayed there was hope on her life.

4. Cousin Kate

a. Cottage maiden

The word “cottage maiden” had connotative meaning (1) innocent girl. (2) the girl village. (3) the poor girl.

b. Hardened by sun

The word “hardened by the sun” had connotative meaning (1) baked by the sun

c. Great lord

The connotative meaning of word “great lord” (1) boss, (2) leader of company.

d. Fill my heart

The connotative meaning the word “fill my heart” (1) she had depressed

e. He changed me like a glove

The denotative meaning of the word “He change me like a glove” (1)ignored. (2)cast

f. Howl in dust

The word “howl in dust” had connotative meaning (1)she did not know howto asking for help.

g. Sit in gold

The connotative meaning of “sit in gold” (1) she had position in company.(2) she had enjoyed luxury.

h. Tenderer heart

The word “tenderer heart” had connotative meaning (1)she good heart. (2) honest (3)sincere.

i. Stronger wing

The word “stronger wing” had connotative meaning (1) she had cathedra. She had dominion.

5. Dream Land

a. Sunless rivers weep

The word “sunless river weep” had connotative meaning (1)she was rich but she always sad.

b. The sky look pale

The word “the sky look pale” (1) she always sad. (2) she not happiness.

c. Hears the nightingale that sadly sings.

The word “hears the nightingale that sadly sings” had connotative meaning (1) not hopeless. (2) she very downhearted.

d. Shed over brow and breast

The word “Shed over brow and breast” had connotative meaning (1) die (2) rest

e. Her face was toward the west

The word “her face was toward the west” had connotative meaning (1) she was facing on god.

f. The purple land.

The word “the purple land” had connotative meaning (1) funeral. (2) cemetery. (3) a place for the death.

6. Echo

a. Sunlight on a stream

The word “sunlight on a stream” had connotative meaning (1) give hopeless to lived

b. Thirsting longing eyes

The word “thirsting longing eyes” had connotative meaning (1) she daydream. (2) she she hope.

7. From Sunset to Star Rwase

a. Hoard gold

The word “hoard gold” had connotative meaning (1) stingily people.

b. Shiver on the wold

The word “Shiver on the wold” had connotative meaning (1) living alone in the wide world.

c. My heart goes

The word “My heart goes” had connotative meaning (1) her loved went.

8. Remember

a. Gone away

The word “gone away” was meant (1) die. (2) rest

b. Silent land

The word “silent land” had connotative meaning (1) grave. (2) cemetery.

c. Late to counsel

The word “last to counsel” had connotative meaning (1) the of separation. (2) last sentence. (3) last says.

d. Darkness

The word “darkness” had connotative meaning was meant (1) grief. (2) sorrow. (3) sadness.

9. Sleeping at Last

a. Horror past

The word “horror past” had connotative meaning (1)always remember with the past.

b. A tired heart downcast or overcast

The word “a tired heart downcast or overcast” had connotative meaning (1)was die (2) surrender (3) give up.

c. Sleeping at last in a dreamless sleep locked fast.

The word “sleeping at last in a dreamless sleep locked fast” had connotative meaning (1)sleeping forever. (2) die.

d. Singing birds

According to sleeping at last poem the word “singing bird” had connotative meaning (1)nowasy. (2)loud sound.

e. Under the purple thyme

According to the sleeping in last poem, the word “under the purple thyme” had connotative meaning (1) in under ground.

f. Sleeping at last

The word sleeping last had connotative meaning was meant (1) she was death.

10. Song

a. Be the green grass above me

The word “be the green grass above me” had connotative meaning (1) always pray for him even though she was dead.

b. And if thou wilt

According to the poem, the word “and if thou wilt” had connotative meaning (1) although she was death she wanted always remember that.

c. And dreaming through the twilight

According to the poem, “and dreaming through the twilight” had connotative (1) looking for hope amid despaired.

C. The Dominant Meaning used in Christina Georgina Rossetti’s Poem

In the ten’s poem by Christina Rossetti : A Daughter of Eve, A Pause, A Study (A Soul), Cousin Kate, Dream Land, Echo, Remember, Sleeping at Last, and Song the dominant meaning used in are poem was denotative mening. Christina G Rossetti’s make poem with easy language but had a deep meaning. Has poem has deep meaning but easy languagge to understand.